

The Grid and EPS(Off-grid) ports of M version inverter have been connected, and the W version needs to be wired according to the following steps.

1. Prepare a Grid cable (Triple Core Cable) and an EPS(Off-orid) cable (Double Core Cable), and then find the European termi



Mounting Steps

a) Use a marker to mark drilling holes of the bracket on the wall.



d) The bracket is aligned with the screw and use the inner hexagonal wrench to screw the tapping screw until the expansion bolt "bang'





e) Hang the buckle on the inverter to the corresponding position of the backplane.



b) Drill holes at marked spots with depth of 80 mm.² c) Insert expansion bolt into the hole, use

rubber hammer to knock the expansion

c)

f) Use the inner hexagonal wrench to tighten

the inner hexagonal screw on the right side of

Expansion

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0

0

bolts

screw bolt into the wall.

Rubber hammer

shield in the accessory bag.

Grid(Triple Core Cable)8-10 mm^{2*}3 EPS(Off-grid)(Double Core Cable)5-6 mm^{2*}2 Euro Terminal 5-6 mm^{2*}2 Euro Terminal 8-10 mm^{2*}3 Waterproof shield Grid Cable and Micro-breaker recommended

Model	X1-Fit-3.7-W	X1-Fit-5.0-W	X1-Fit-6.0-W	X1-Fit-7.5-W	Model	X1-Fit-3.7-M	X1-Fit-5.0-M	X1-Fit-6.0-M	X1-Fit-7.5-M
Cable (copper)	6-8 mm²	8-10 mm²	8-10 mm²	8-10 mm²	Cable (copper)	3-4 mm²	4-6 mm²	4-6 mm²	6-8 mm²
Micro-Breaker	40 A	50 A	50 A	50 A	Micro-Breaker	25 A	32 A	32 A	40 A

EPS(Off-grid) Cable and Micro-breaker recommended						
Model	X1-Fit-3.7-W X1-Fit-5.0-W X1-Fit-3.7-M X1-Fit-5.0-M		X1-Fit-6.0-W X1-Fit-6.0-M	X1-Fit-7.5-W X1-Fit-7.5-M		
Cable (copper)	3-4 mm²	4-6 mm²	4-6 mm²	6-8 mm²		
Micro-Breaker	25 A	32 A	32 A	40 A		

Step 2. The Grid and EPS(Off-grid) cables go through the corresponding Grid and EPS(Off-grid) ports of the waterproof cover. Remove the 12 mm insulation layer at the end of the wire. Insert the European-style terminals respectively, and make sure that the stripped ends are inserted into the European-style terminal, and finally use crimping pliers to press tightly.





Communication Connection(BMS/Meter/CT/DRM/COM) VI

LCD settings

To select CT, you need to enter Use setting, then enter CT or Meter Setting.

CT/Meter Setting > Select CT

> Meter /CT PIN is defined as follows:



Notice: Only one of the Meter and CT connections can be selected. Meter cable goes to pin terminal 4 and 5; CT cable goes to pin terminal 1 and 8; reserve CT cable goes to pin terminal 3 and 6. If you need this feature, please contact us for assistance.

1) To connect the Communication line of the CT line, the lines need to be made on both sides, connecting the RJ45 terminal on one side and the Communication line Adapter on the other.



2) One side of the finished cable, Communication line adapter is inserted into the inverter, and one side of the RJ45 terminal is inserted into the CT connection



COM Communication

External communication equipment controls the inverter:



Inverter communication control external equipment:



> The COM pin is defined as follows:



Note!

Customers can communicate or control the inverter and external devices through the COM interface. Professional users can use pins 4 and 5 to realize data acquisition and external control functions. The communication protocol is Modbus RTU. For details, please contact us. If the user wants to use the inverter dry contact to control external equipment (such as a heat pump), it can be used with our Adapter Box. For details, please refer to the Quick Installation Manual of the Adapter Box.





For AS4777 DRM function, currently only PIN6 (DRM0) and PIN1 (DRM1/5) are functional, other PIN functions are under development.

Communication Connection Steps

Step 1. Prepare a communication cable, and find the communication adapter in the accessory bag.



Waterproof connector with RJ45 RJ45 terminal*1 Communication cable

Step 2. Insert the communication cable through the communication Adapter, and peel off the outer insulation layer of 15 mm.



Step 3. Insert the prepared communication cables into the RJ45 terminals in sequence, and then use network cable crimping pliers to press them tightly.



Step 4. Tighten the completed BMS / Meter / CT / DRM / COM / LCD communication line and tighten the waterproof plug.



Step 5. Finally, find the corresponding BMS / Meter / CT / DRM / CAN / COM / LCD ports on the inverter and insert the communication cable into the corresponding ports.



Grounding Connection(mandatory) VII

Leaking cable



VIII

Monitoring Operation

> Dongle connection diagram



> Wireless monitoring accessories connection steps:

Step 1. First find the DONGLE port of the inverter.



lexagon keys

Torque: 1.5±0.2N·m

Step 2. Plug WiFi Dongle into the DONGLE port.



IX		Start Guide
1.Set date time	2.Set language	6*.Set work mode
Date time	Language	There are 4 work modes for choice: Self use/Feed-in Priority/ Backup Mode/ EPS(Off-grid).
2017 ->06 <-06 10:19	English Deutsch	Name Description
10.19	Italian	The self-use mode is suitable for areas with low feed-in subsidies and high electricity prices.
3.Set the safety standa	rd 4.CT/Meter Setting	Active Charging or Discharge time period: PV will power the loads firstly, and surplus power will charge to the battery. If the battery is fully charged, then sell the surplus power to the grid; (The inverter will limit the output if Feed-in limit or zero feed-in is needed.) (PV > Load, PV \rightarrow Load \rightarrow Battery \rightarrow Grid)
Safety	CT/Meter Setting	2 When the power of PV is insufficient Active Charging time period. PV will power the loads firstly, the remaining power will be taken from the grid, the
Country	CT >Meter	Self Use battery will not discharge at this time. (PV> Load, PV + Grid → Load) Active Discharge time period: PV+BAT will power the loads together. If the power is still not enough, the remaining
>VDE0126	> Meter	power will be taken from the grid. (PV < Load, PV + Battery + Grid → Load)
5*.Set export control	6*.Set work mode	③ Without PV power Active Charging time period: The grid supplies the loads and also can charge the battery.(PV=0, Grid →Load + Battery) Active Discharge time period: The battery will power the home loads firstly. If the battery power is not enough, the remaining power will be taken from the grid. The inverter will enter into the standby state. (PV=0, Battery+Grid→Load)
Export Control	Work Mode	Battery min SOC can be set:10%-100%; Charge battery to min SOC can be set:10%-100%.
Use Value:	>Mode Select	The Feed-in priority mode is suitable for areas with high feed-in subsidies, but has feed-in power limitation. ① When the power of PV is sufficient
10000W	self use	Active Charging time period: PV powers the load first, then charges the battery to set capacity, then sell electricity for the grid, and continues to charge the battery with the remaining power. (PV>Load, PV→Load→Battery→Grid→Battery
7.External ATS		Active Discharge time period: PV will power the loads firstly, and surplus power will feed-in to the grid. $(PV < Load, PV \rightarrow Load \rightarrow Grid)$
		Feed-in 2 When the power of PV is insufficient
External ATS		priority Active Charging time period: PV will power the loads first, the remaining power will be taken from the grid. The battery will not discharge. ($PV > Load$, $PV + Grid \rightarrow Load$)
>Select		Discharge time period: PV+BAT will power the loads together. If the power is still not enough, the remaining power will be taken from the grid. ($PV < Load$, $PV + Battery + Grid \rightarrow Load$)
Enable		③ Without PV power

Note

> The BMS pin is defined as follows:



Note

The BMS port on the inverter is the communication port for connecting the battery. The communication port on the lithium battery must be consistent with the definition of pins 4, 5, 7, and 8 above;



7*.External ATS If an external ATS is to be used, please enable this function, otherwise disable it.

ne period: The grid will power the home loads and also charge the battery (PV=0, Grid \rightarrow Load + Battery)

Active Discharge time period: The battery will power the home loads first. If the battery pe maining power will be taken from the grid. The inverter will enter into the standby state. (PV=0, Battery+Grid \rightarrow Load SOC can be set:10%-100%; Charge battery to min SOC can be set:10%-100% he back-up mode is suitable for areas with frequent power outages. Same working logic with "Self-use" mode. This node will maintain the battery capacity at a relatively high level. (Users' setting) to ensure that the emergency loads Backup can be used when the grid is off. Customers no need to worry about the battery capacit Battery min SOC can be set: 30%-100%; Charge battery to min SOC can be set: 30%-100% mode The EPS(Off-grid) mode is used when the power grid is off. System will provides em batteries to supply power to the household loads. (Battery is necessary) er through PV and 1) When the power of PV is sufficent

EPS (Off-grid)

Without PV power The battery will power the emergency loads until the battery reached the min SOC, then the inverter will enter into lle mode. (PV=0, Battery → Load)

Winter the loads first, and surplus power will charge to the battery. (PV > Load, PV → Load → Battery)
When the power of PV is insufficient

he remaining power will be taken from the battery. (PV < Load, PV \rightarrow Load)

Start Inverter

Start inverter

X

After the inverter is checked, the inverter will take the following steps:

Applies to most countries



- Make sure that the inverter is fixed on the wall.
- 2 Ensure that all ground wires are grounded.
- Onfirm that all AC lines are connected.
- Make sure the CT is connected.
- Make sure the battery is well connected.
- **6** Turn on the Load switch and EPS(Off-grid) switch.
- Turn on the battery switch.

Long press Enter for 5 seconds to exit the shutdown mode. Mode is the mode when it is turned off for the first time; factory default: off mode)

XI

Firmware Upgrading

-In order to upgrade the firmware smoothly, if the DSP and ARM firmware needs to be upgraded, please note that ARM firmware must be upgraded first, then DSP firmware!

-Make sure this directory is completely consistent with the above table, do not modify the firmware file name, Otherwise, the inverter may not work! -For this inverter, ensure that the PV input voltage is greater than 100V (upgrade on sunny days). Please ensure that the battery SOC is greater than 20% or the battery input voltage is greater than 90V. Otherwise, it may cause serious failure during the upgrade process!

-If the ARM firmware upgrade fails or stops, please do not unplug the U disk and power off the inverter and restart it. Then repeat the upgrade steps.

> Upgrade preparation

1) Please check the inverter version and prepare a U disk (USB 2.0/3.0) and personal computer before upgrading.

2) Please contact our service support to obtain the firmware, and store the firmware in the U disk according to the

following path. Update



Upgrade steps

Step 1. Please save the "Update" firmware in your U disk first, and press the "Enter" button on the inverter screen for 5 seconds to enter the OFF mode

Step 2. Locate the "Upgrade" port of the inverter, unplug the monitoring module (WiFi Dongle/LAN Dongle/4G Dongle) by hand, and insert the USB flash drive.



Step 3. LCD operation, enter the upgrade interface "update", as shown below(a): Please press the up and down keys to select ARM, then press the bottom of the page to select "OK", press the enter key to enter the software version interface ;



Step 4. Please confirm the new firmware version again and select the firmware to upgrade. The upgrade takes about 20 seconds.(d) When it is completed, the LCD screen returns to the "Update" page

====Update Selection ==== ARM >DSP	====Update ARM File ==== >618.xxxxx.00_HYB_ 1P_DSP_Vx.xx_ xxxxxxx.usb	===: Update(DSP) ===: connect	=== Update(DSP) === DSP Erasing	===: Update(DSP) ===: Upgrading25%	=== Update(DSP) === Upgrade Successful
(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)